

- GET ORGANIZED. Successful studying begins with being organized.
- GET SERIOUS.
- It is YOUR RESPONSIBILITY to successfully demonstrate your algebra skills to the best of your ability.

**Chapter 8: Exponents**

1. Write  $(\sqrt[3]{x})^5$  in rational exponent notation.

2. Write  $y^{\frac{7}{2}}$  in radical notation.

**Simplify the expression.**

3.  $100^{\frac{3}{2}}$

4.  $121^{\frac{-1}{2}}$

5.  $216^{\frac{2}{3}}$

6.  $27^{\frac{1}{3}}$

7.  $6^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 6^{\frac{3}{2}}$

8.  $\frac{8^{\frac{1}{2}}}{8^{\frac{1}{6}}}$

**Simplify.**

9.  $(3x^3y^2)(-5x^4y^6)$

10.  $(2y^2z^3)^4$

11.  $a^3 \bullet a^6$

12.  $(-5a^2b)(3a^4)$

13.  $(2ab^2c^3)^4$

14.  $(x^4)^3$

15.  $(3p^3)^2 + 6p - (-2p^2)^3$

16.  $(5m^3)^3 + (6m)^2$

17.  $(12y)^2 + 7x^2y - 8y^2 + (11y)x^2$

18.  $(x^4)(x^3)$

19.  $y^{-3} \cdot y^3$

20.  $\frac{x^5}{x^3}$

21. 
$$\frac{10a^{10}b^5}{2a^{11}b^2}$$

22. 
$$\frac{64x^4y^{-3}z^{-1}}{16x^{-2}yz^3}$$

23. 
$$\left(\frac{3x^2}{5x}\right)^0$$

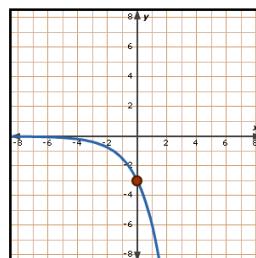
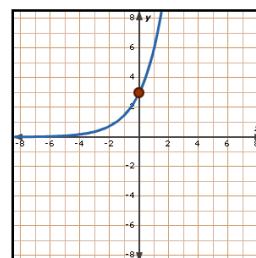
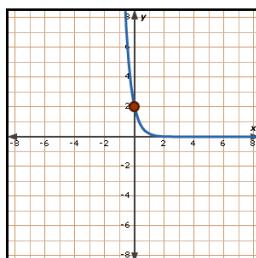
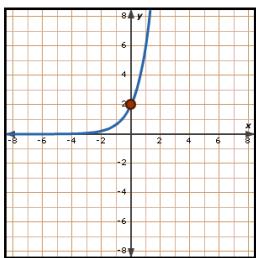
24. 
$$\frac{15x^3y^2z^4}{10x^4y^4z^2}$$

25. 
$$\frac{3y^3}{5} \cdot \left(\frac{10x^7}{9y^8}\right)^2$$

26. 
$$\left(\frac{3x^5}{10y^2}\right)^3 \cdot \frac{5}{x^4}$$

27. 
$$\frac{-3a^{-4}b^7}{21a^2b^7c^{-5}}$$

28. Identify each picture as growth or decay. Then identify the graph of exponential growth  
 $y = 3 \cdot 2^x$



Write a rule for the following functions.

29.

<b>x</b>	-2	-1	0	1	2
<b>y</b>	$-\frac{1}{16}$	$-\frac{1}{4}$	-1	-4	-16

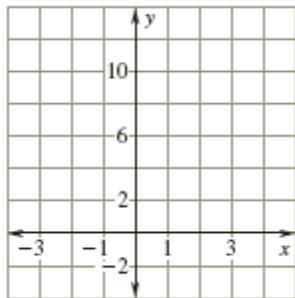
30.

<b>x</b>	-2	-1	0	1	2
<b>y</b>	25	5	1	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1}{25}$

**Circle whether the function represents exponential growth and decay. Graph the function. Identify its domain and range.**

31.  $y = 2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^x$       Growth/Decay

<b>x</b>	-2	-1	0	1	2
<b>y</b>					

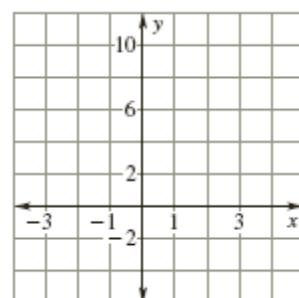


D: \_\_\_\_\_

R: \_\_\_\_\_

32.  $y = -3 \cdot 6^x$       Growth/Decay

<b>x</b>	-2	-1	0	1	2
<b>y</b>					



D: \_\_\_\_\_

R: \_\_\_\_\_

**Use the next polynomial to answer #1:**  $3x - 4x^5 - 12 + 5x^3$

1. (a) Is the polynomial in order? If not, put it in order.

1a. \_\_\_\_\_

(b) What is the leading coefficient of the polynomial?

1b. \_\_\_\_\_

(c) What is the degree of the polynomial?

1c. \_\_\_\_\_

**Simplify.**

2.  $(h^2 + 4h - 4) + (5h^2 - 8h + 2)$

3.  $(9b^3 - 13b^2 + b) - (-13b^3 - 5b + 14)$

4.  $(5x^2 - x - 7) + (2x^2 + 3x + 4)$

5.  $(5x^2 + 16x - 9) - (3x^2 - 4x + 1)$

6.  $z^2(4z^4 + z^3 - 11z^2 - 6)$

7.  $-10pq(3pq + 4p - 5q^2)$

8.  $(x+2)(x-3)$

9.  $(a-6)^2$

10.  $(2x-y)(2x+y)$

11.  $(7y-4)(2y+5)$

12.  $(2x-4)(x+2)$

13.  $(3y-5)^2$

14.  $3(x+4)^2$

15.  $(3k-1)(4k+9)$

16.  $(5x-9)(3x-4)$

**Factor.**

$$17. \ 8a^2b^3 + 10ab^2$$

$$18. \ 20xy - 100x^2y^2$$

$$19. \ y^2 - 64$$

$$20. \ 2x^2 - 200$$

$$21. \ x^2 - 5x + 6$$

$$22. \ 9x^2 - 30x + 25$$

$$23. \ 16x^2 + 8x + 1$$

$$24. \ 2x^2 - 4x + 18$$

$$25. \ 6a^2 - 10a - 4$$

$$26. \ a^2 - 12a + 27$$

$$27. \ -2h^2 + 5h + 3$$

$$28. \ y^3 + y - 9y^2 - 9$$

$$29. \ 5n^3 - 4n^2 + 25n - 20$$

**Solve the equation by factoring.**

$$30. \ (3x - 2)(x + 5) = 0$$

$$31. \ x^2 - 10x + 21 = 0$$

$$32. \ x^2 - 5x = 14$$

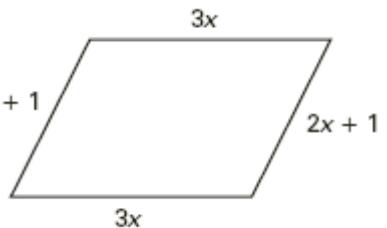
**Solve:** 33.  $3a^2 = 4a$

$$34. \ m^2 + 22m = -23m$$

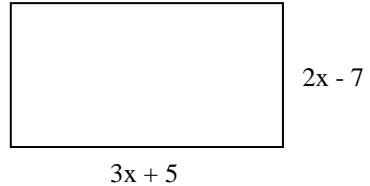
$$35. \ s(s - 1) = 72$$

36. Find the zeros of the function:  $f(x) = 3x^3 + 18x^2 + 24x$

37. Find a polynomial that represents the PERIMETER of the figure.



38. Find a polynomial that represents the AREA of the figure.



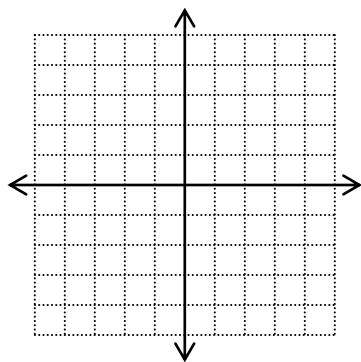
39. The product of twice a number increased by five, and three times a number decreased by two is zero. Find the number(s).

40. The area of a rectangular living room is 40 square feet. The length of the room is 3 ft longer than the width. Find the dimensions of the room.

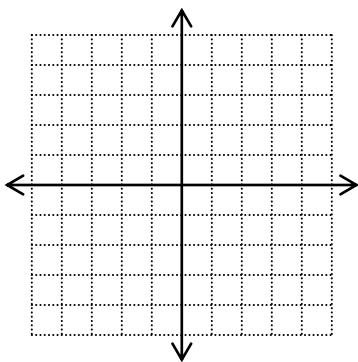
## Chapter 10: Quadratics

**Graph and compare to the parent function:  $y = x^2$**

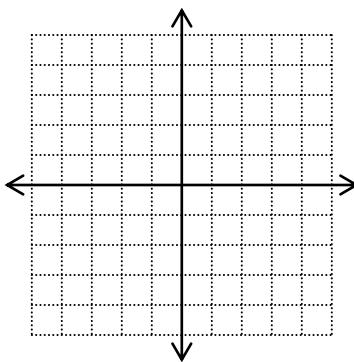
1.  $y = -2x^2$



2.  $y = \frac{3}{8}x^2$



3.  $y = x^2 - 5$



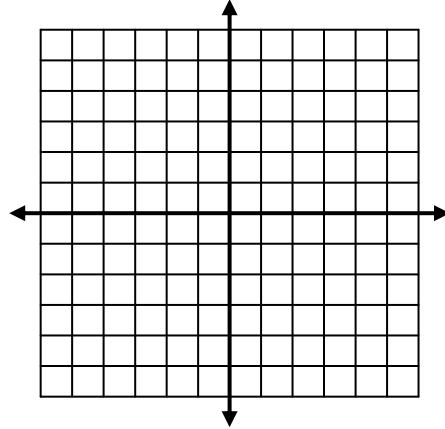
**Fill in the following missing information and graph!**

4.  $y = x^2 - 2x + 3$

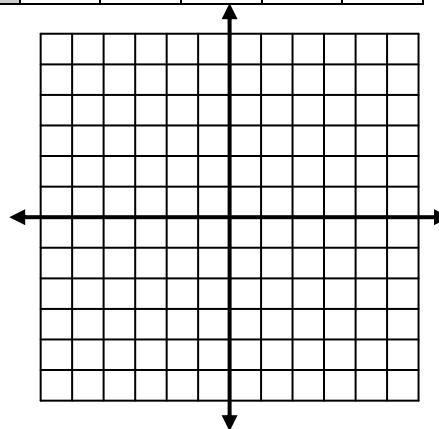
5.  $y = x^2 + 6x + 8$

Opens _____	Opens _____
Axis of Symmetry _____	Axis of Symmetry _____
Vertex (____, ____)	Vertex (____, ____)
Maximum or Minimum Value _____	Maximum or Minimum Value _____
y-intercept: (____, ____)	y-intercept: (____, ____)

x					
y					



x					
y					



Solution(s): \_\_\_\_\_

Solution(s): \_\_\_\_\_

**Solve the following equations using square roots. Leave your answers in radical form when necessary!**

$$6. \ x^2 + 6 = 13$$

$$7. \ 14 - x^2 = 17$$

$$8. \ 6(x + 8)^2 = 18$$

**Given the following equations, find the solutions/roots/zeros by completing the square.**

$$9. \ x^2 + 2x = 3$$

$$10. \ c^2 - 14c = 15$$

$$11. \ x^2 - 8x = 9$$

**Convert the quadratic to vertex form:  $y = a(x - h)^2 + k$ . Identify the vertex and axis of symmetry.**

$$12. \ y = x^2 + 8x + 15$$

$$13. \ y = x^2 - 12x + 36$$

$$14. \ y = x^2 - 2x - 3$$

Axis of Symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

Axis of Symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

Axis of Symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

Vertex: (\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_)

Vertex: (\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_)

Vertex: (\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_)

**Given the following equations: a) Find the value of the Discriminant; b) Tell whether the equation has two real solutions, one real solution, or no real solutions.**

$$15. \ 3x^2 + 6x + 2 = 0$$

$$16. \ x^2 + 1 = 2x$$

$$17. \ 2x^2 + 3x + 5 = 0$$

15a. \_\_\_\_\_

16a. \_\_\_\_\_

17a. \_\_\_\_\_

15b. \_\_\_\_\_

16b. \_\_\_\_\_

17b. \_\_\_\_\_

**Solve the following equations by using the quadratic formula.**

18.  $5x^2 + 2x - 3 = 0$

19.  $2x^2 - 3x = -5$

20.  $x^2 + 6x - 10 = 0$

**Tell if the each table is linear, exponential or quadratic.**

21.

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1
y	13.5	6	1.5	0	1.5

22.

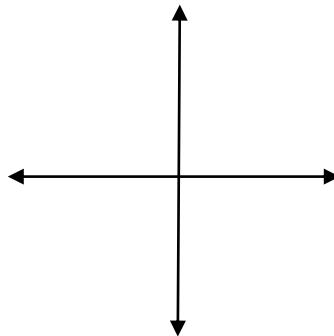
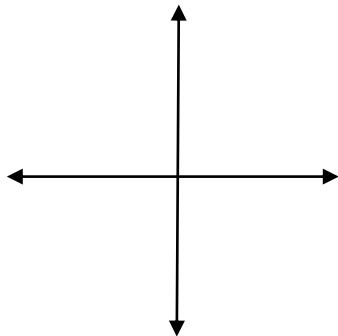
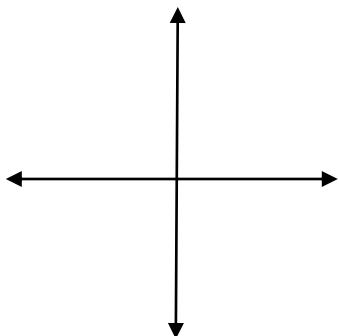
x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	1	2	4	8	16

23. Give an example of a graph of a parabola which has:

a) No real roots

b) One real root

c) Two real roots



**Solve the quadratic using any method.**

24.  $x^2 - 14x = 0$

25.  $-5x^2 + x - 13 = 0$

26.  $9x^2 - 16 = 0$

27. The length of Rachel's rectangular garden is 6 yards more than its width.

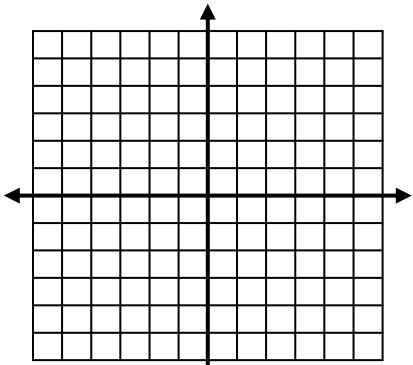
The area of the garden is 91 square yards. What are the dimensions of the garden?  
(Hint: Use the quadratic formula.)

## Chapter 11 Radicals

For problems #1-2, complete the tables, then graph.

1.  $y = -2\sqrt{x+1}$

x	-1	0	1	2	3
y					



Compare to  $y = \sqrt{x}$ :

---

---

---

Simplify the following.

3.  $\sqrt{200}$

4.  $\sqrt{25x^3}$

5.  $\sqrt{9a^6}$

6.  $\sqrt{64y^4}$

7.  $\sqrt{27c^5}$

8.  $\sqrt{32r^2s^4t^5}$

9.  $\sqrt{40x^4y^5z^3}$

10.  $\sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{18}$

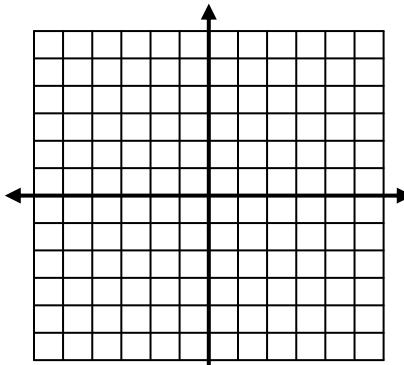
11.  $7\sqrt{30} \cdot 2\sqrt{6}$

12.  $\sqrt{\frac{1}{25}}$

13.  $\sqrt{\frac{121}{49}}$

14.  $\sqrt{\frac{7}{100}}$

x	0	1	2	3	4
y					



Compare to  $y = \sqrt{x}$ :

---

---

---

**Simplify the expression by rationalizing the denominator.**

$$15. \frac{4}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$16. \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$17. \sqrt{\frac{5}{48}}$$

$$18. \sqrt{\frac{8}{3n^3}}$$

$$19. \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$20. \sqrt{\frac{9}{75}}$$

**Simplify the following expressions.**

$$21. 3\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5}$$

$$22. 5\sqrt{18} + 2\sqrt{32}$$

$$23. 4\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{30} - 3\sqrt{24}$$

$$24. \sqrt{7}(4 - \sqrt{7})$$

$$25. (2 - \sqrt{6})^2$$

$$26. (2 + \sqrt{5})(1 - 2\sqrt{3})$$

**Solve the equation. Check for extraneous solutions.**

$$27. \sqrt{5x} - 4 = 16$$

$$28. \sqrt{3x+8} = \sqrt{x+4}$$

$$29. \sqrt{3x+4} = 4$$

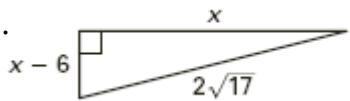
$$30. \sqrt{5x-6} = x$$

**Find the unknown lengths using the Pythagorean Theorem.**

31.  $a = 2, b = 8$

32.  $b = 7, c = 11$

33.



34. Tell whether the triangle with the given side lengths is a right triangle: 3, 4, 5

**Find the distance between the two points.**

35.  $(-5, 3)$  and  $(1, 2)$

36.  $(8, -7)$  and  $(4, -3)$

**Find the midpoint of the line segment with the given endpoints.**

37.  $(2, 5)$  and  $(4, 12)$

38.  $(-9, -5)$  and  $(7, -14)$

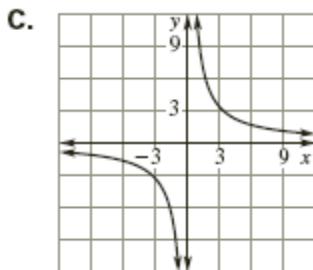
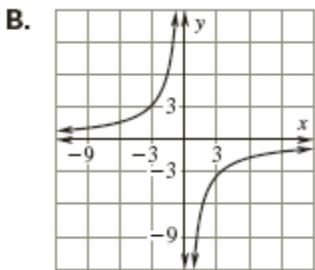
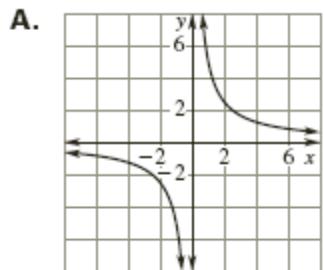
## Chapter 12: Rational Functions

**Match the inverse variation equation with its graph.**

1.  $y = \frac{10}{x}$

2.  $y = \frac{-10}{x}$

3.  $y = \frac{5}{x}$



**Tell whether the equation represents direct variation, inverse variation, or neither.**

4.  $xy = -7$

5.  $y = x - 5$

6.  $y = \frac{8}{x}$

7.  $4x - 3y = 0$

**For #3-4, write an equation that relates x and y FIRST, then solve.**

8. If y varies inversely as x and  $x = 9$  when  $y = 4$ , find x when  $y = 9$ .      9. If y varies inversely as x and  $x = 10$  when  $y = 5$ , find y when  $x = 5$ .

**Find the quotient.**

10.  $(9x^3 - 6x^2 + 18x) \div (3x)$

11.  $(-2x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x) \div (-2x)$

12.  $(x^2 + 10x + 24) \div (x + 6)$

13.  $(22 - 4x + 3x^2) \div (x - 4)$

**State the excluded values and simplify the expression.**

$$14. \frac{9x^3 - 18x^4}{3x^2}$$

$$15. \frac{15m}{3m+6m^2}$$

$$16. \frac{6x^5}{48x^7}$$

$$17. \frac{m+3}{m^2 - 9}$$

$x \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$m \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$x \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$m \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

**Find the product, then simplify.**

$$18. \frac{8}{x^2} \cdot \frac{x^4}{4x}$$

$$19. \frac{x+3}{2x+8} \cdot \frac{x}{x^2 + 7x + 12}$$

$$20. \frac{3x-6}{x^2 - x - 2} \cdot (x^2 + 6x + 5)$$

**Find the quotient, then simplify.**

$$21. \frac{5x^2}{7} \div \frac{10x^3}{21}$$

$$22. \frac{3x+12}{4x-18} \div \frac{2x+8}{x+4}$$

$$23. \frac{x^2 - 25}{2x^2 + 12x + 16} \div \frac{x^2 + 7x + 10}{x^2 - 4}$$

$$24. \text{Find the LCD for: } \frac{3}{20a^2} \text{ and } \frac{1}{24ab^3}$$

$$25. \text{Find the LCD for: } \frac{11}{56x^3y} \text{ and } \frac{10}{49ax^2}$$

$$26. \text{What value of } x \text{ when substituted in } \frac{1}{x+3} \text{ will make this fraction undefined?}$$

27. What value of  $x$  when substituted in  $\frac{1}{x-9}$  will make this fraction undefined?

**Find the sum or difference.**

$$28. \quad \frac{t}{3} + \frac{2t}{7}$$

$$29. \quad \frac{x+2}{3} + \frac{x-6}{5}$$

$$30. \quad \frac{5}{x-1} + \frac{x}{x-1}$$

$$31. \quad \frac{8x}{3} + \frac{1}{5x}$$

$$32. \quad \frac{2}{3x^2} - \frac{8}{5x}$$

**Solve.**

$$33. \quad \frac{6}{x+4} = \frac{x}{2}$$

$$34. \quad \frac{5}{y-2} = \frac{y}{3}$$

$$35. \quad \frac{8}{x+8} = \frac{x}{x+2}$$

$$36. \quad \frac{x+4}{4} + \frac{x-2}{3} = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$37. \quad \frac{x}{6} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{x+5}{2}$$